



# Craton Mining & Exploration (Pty) Ltd



**OMITIOMIRE COPPER PROJECT, NAMIBIA**

**September 2008**

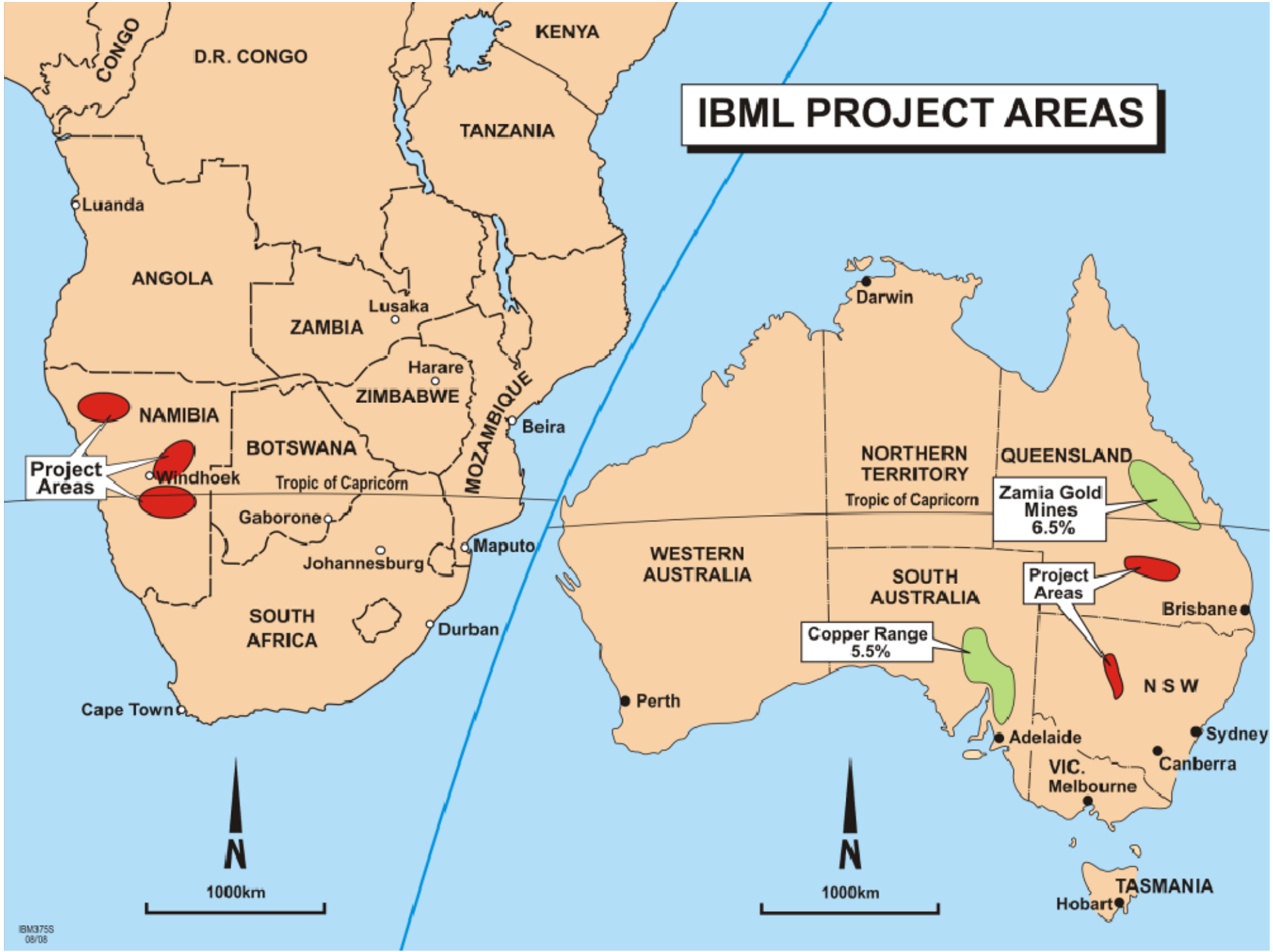


## Competent Person's Statement

*The information in this presentation that relates to Mineral Resources is based on information compiled by Dr Phillip Hellman. Dr Hellman, FAIG, is a Director of Hellman & Schofield Pty Ltd (“H&S”) and qualifies as a Competent Person under the meaning of the 2004 JORC Code. Dr Hellman consents to the inclusion of these estimates in the form and context in which they appear.*



# IBML PROJECT AREAS



Project Areas

Zamia Gold Mines  
6.5%

Copper Range  
5.5%

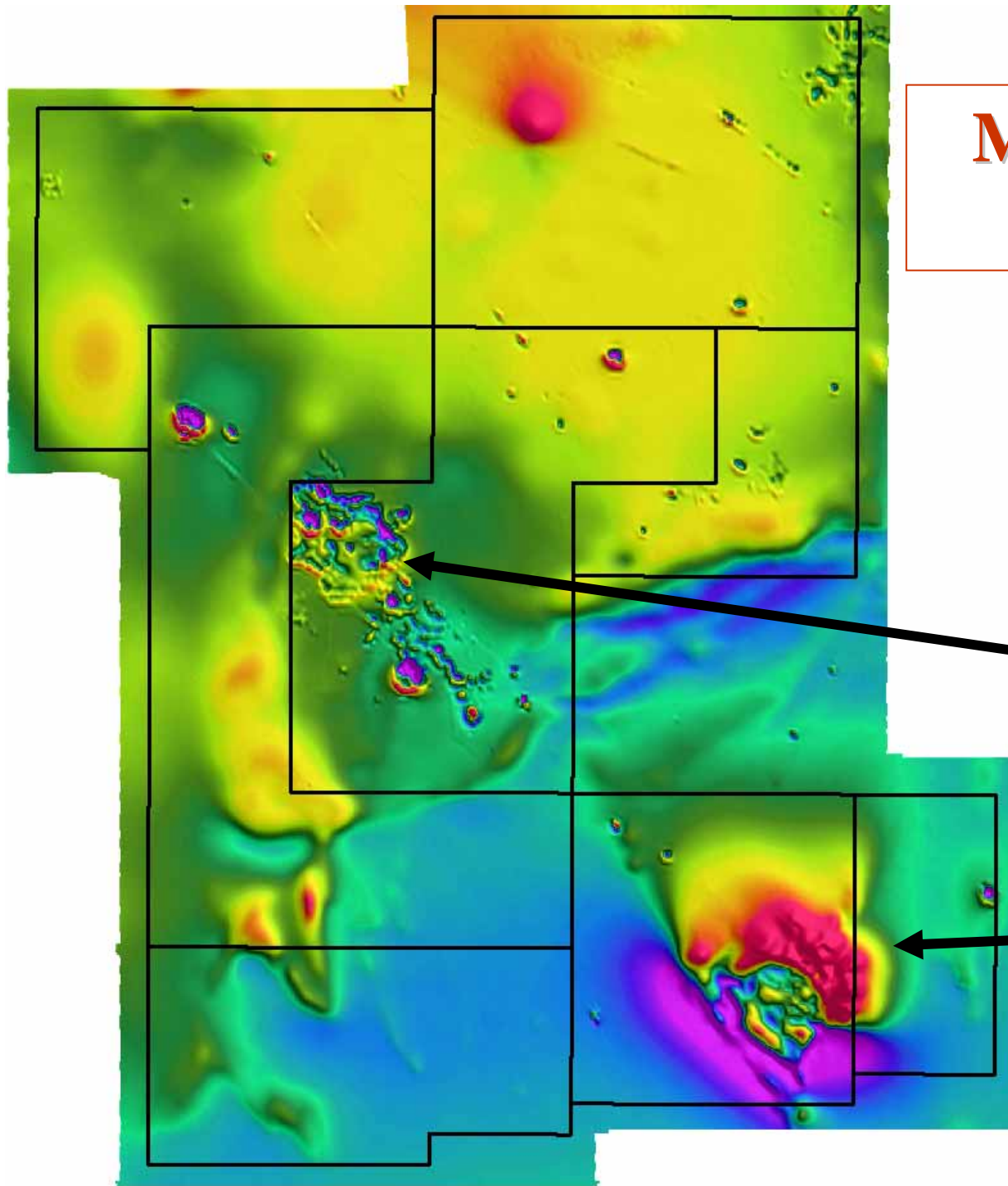
Project Areas

# Maranoa Project Queensland

**Magnetic Image**

**Gabbro bodies**

**Darkwater  
intrusive  
complex**





# Kopermyn Project

**Mineralised breccia**



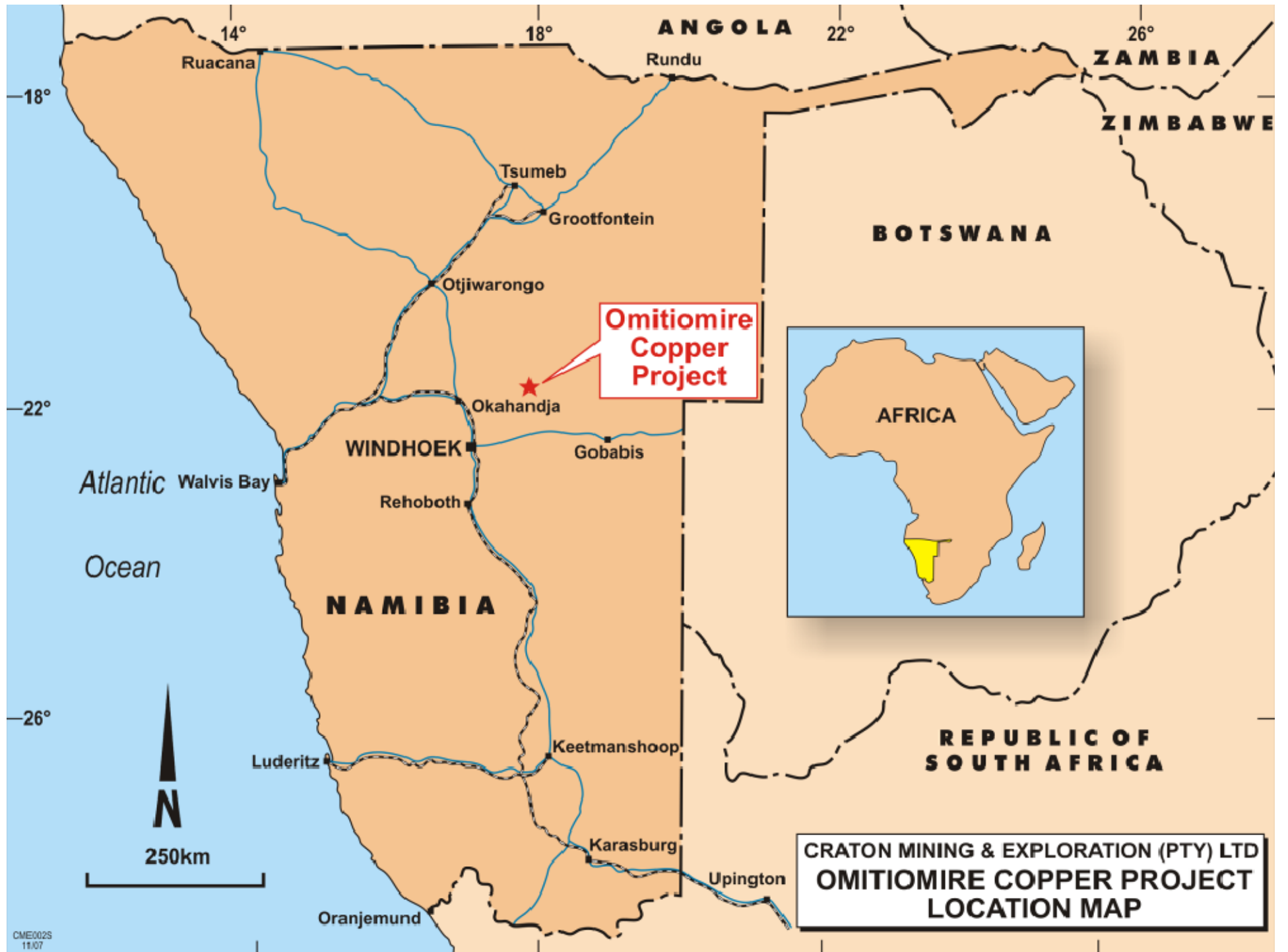
**Kalahari  
Copperbelt  
Project**

**Kojeka - Mineralised phyllite**



**Kalahari  
Copperbelt  
Project**

**Old copper pit at DPR  
porphyry copper prospect**





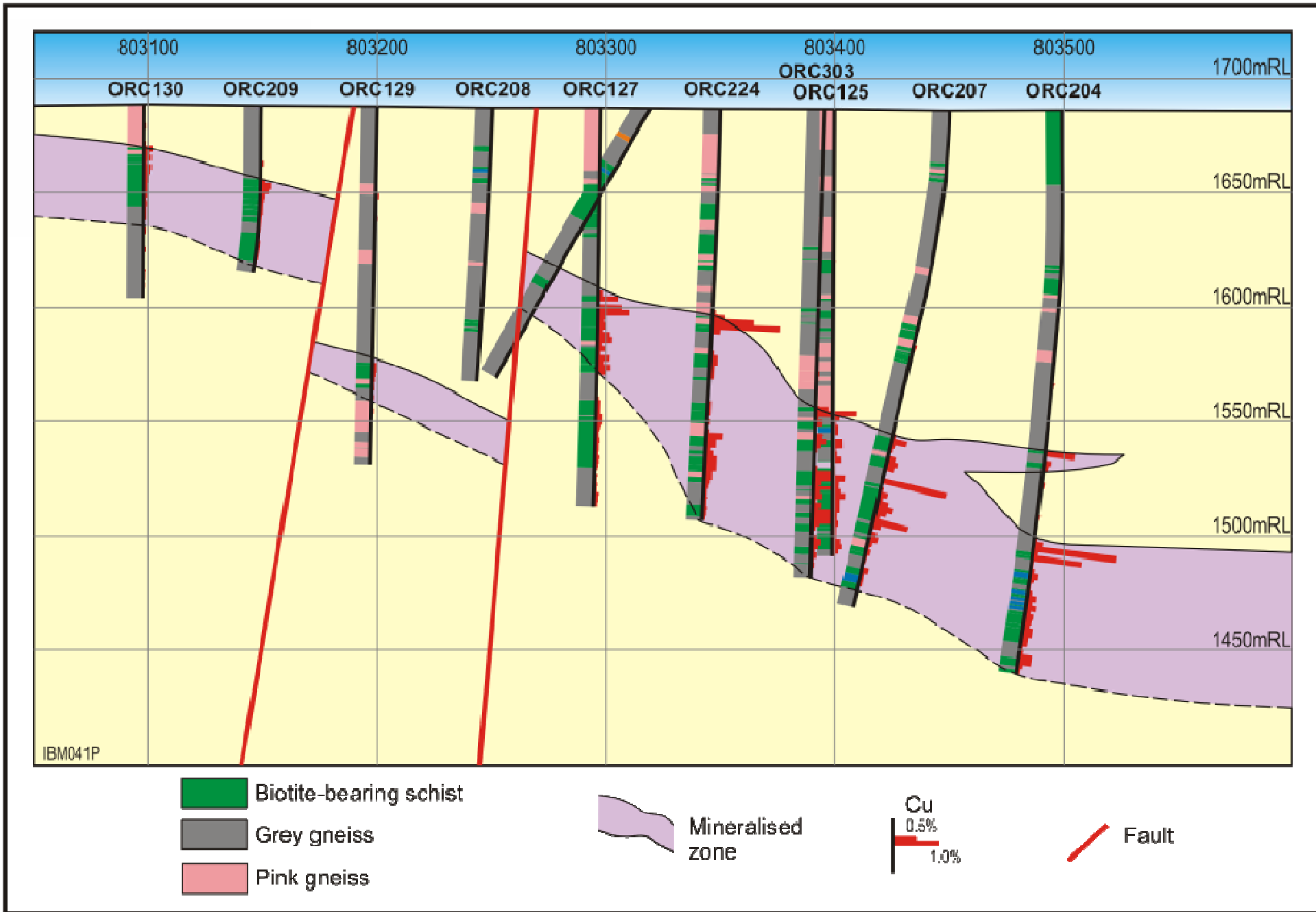
**Omitiomire Project Area**



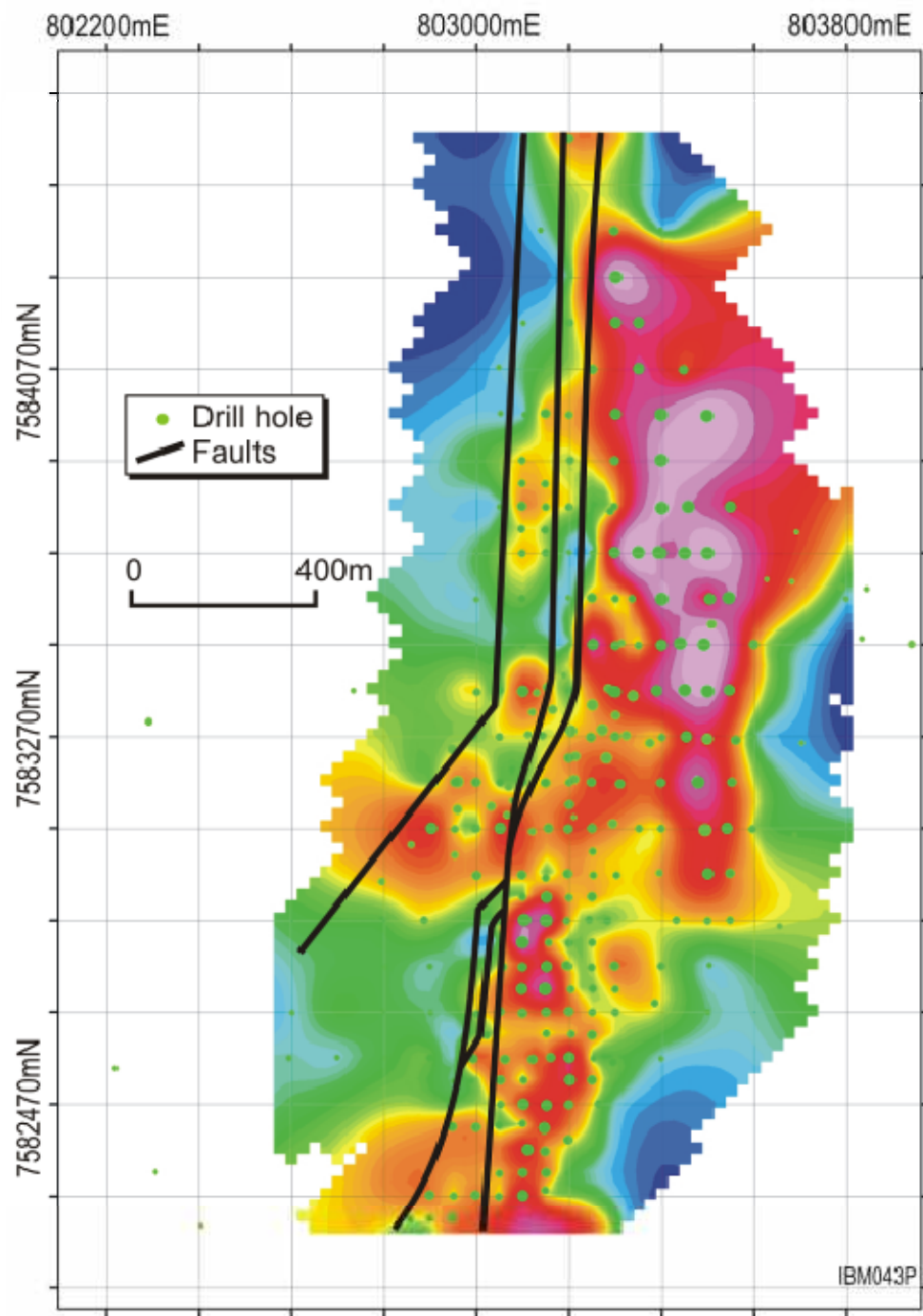
# Geology of the Omitiomire Deposit



**Bands of copper-bearing biotite schist alternate with bands of barren quartz-feldspar gneiss**



**Omitiomire Section 3670**



## Omitiomire Deposit

**Grade x thickness  
contours**

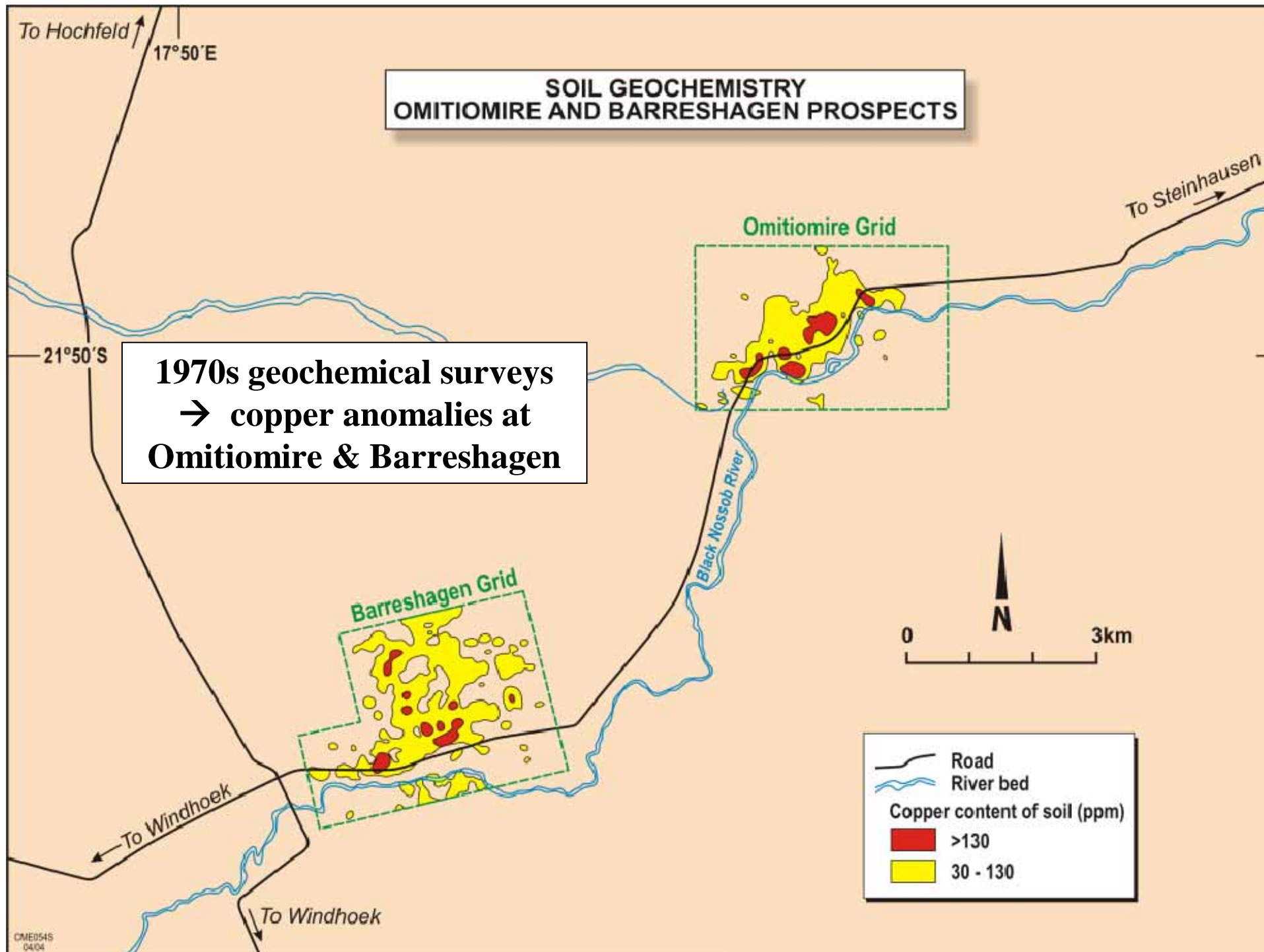
**The deposit extends  
over 2,300 m x 800 m  
and remains open in  
most directions**



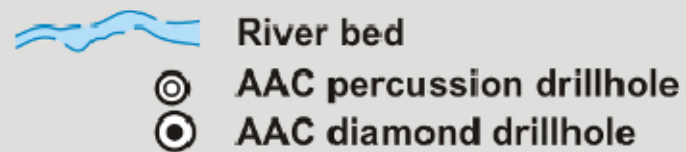
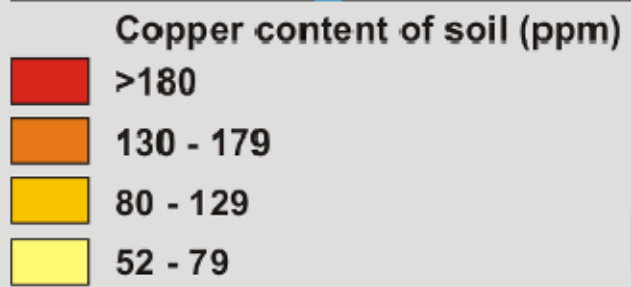
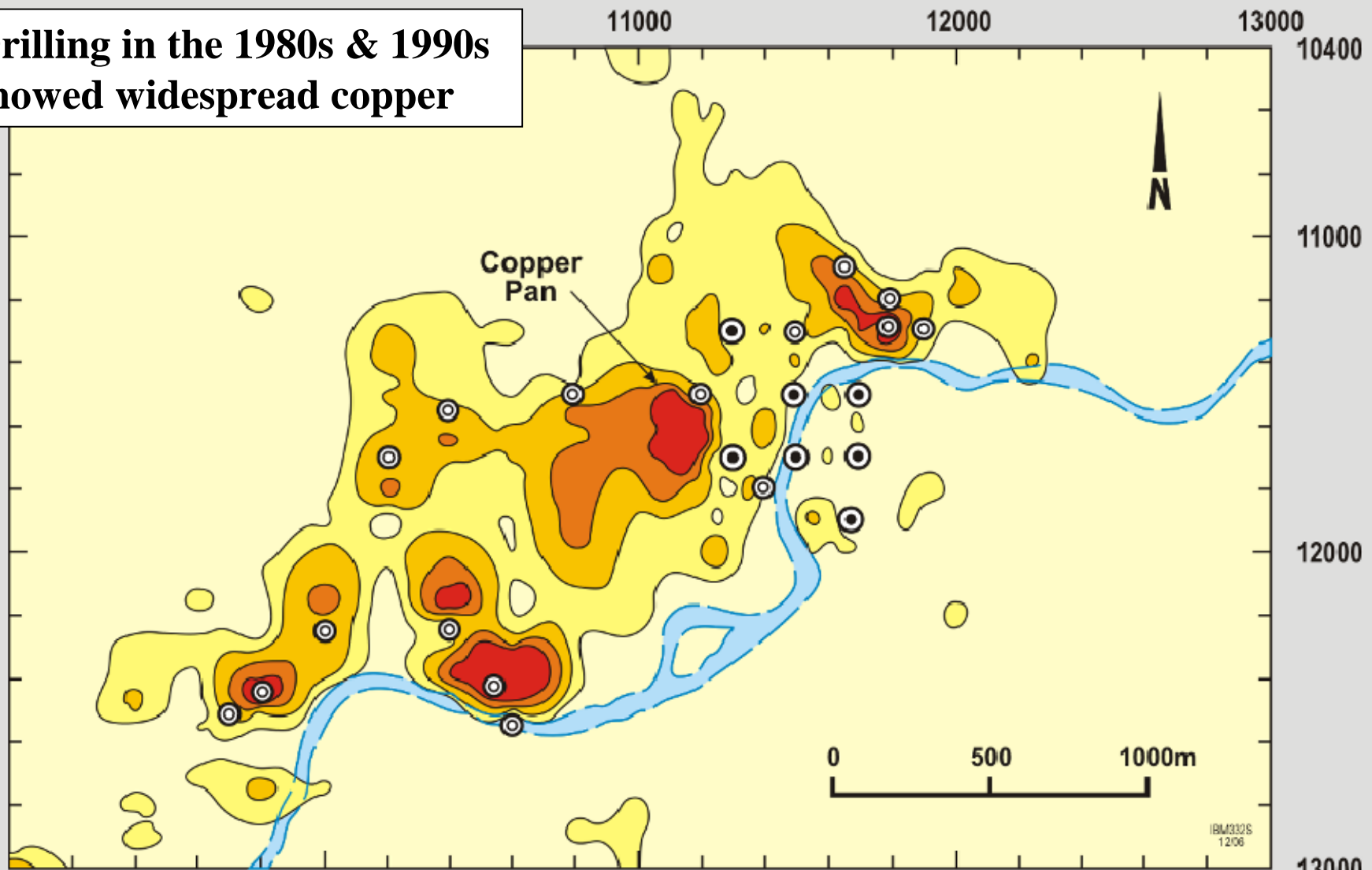
**Malachite in outcrop**

# SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY OMITIOMIRE AND BARRESHAGEN PROSPECTS

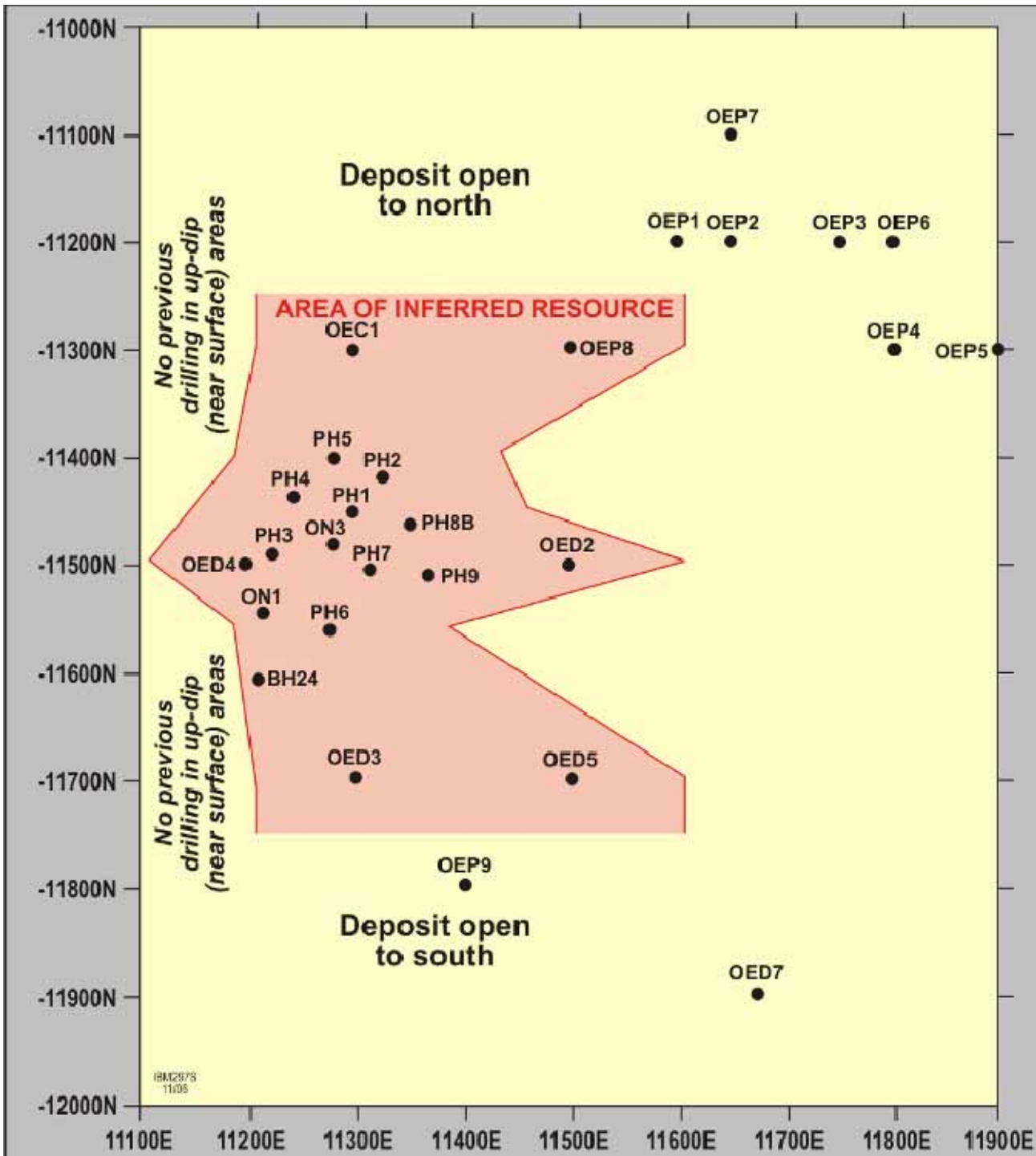
1970s geochemical surveys  
→ copper anomalies at  
Omitiomire & Barreshagen



**Drilling in the 1980s & 1990s showed widespread copper**



**OMITIOMIRE GRID - COPPER GEOCHEMISTRY**



**Assessment of drilling  
(Hellman, 1997)  
→ Inferred Resource  
7.9 million tonnes at  
0.9% Cu**



**OMITIOMIRE PROJECT,  
NAMIBIA  
DRILLHOLE LOCATIONS**

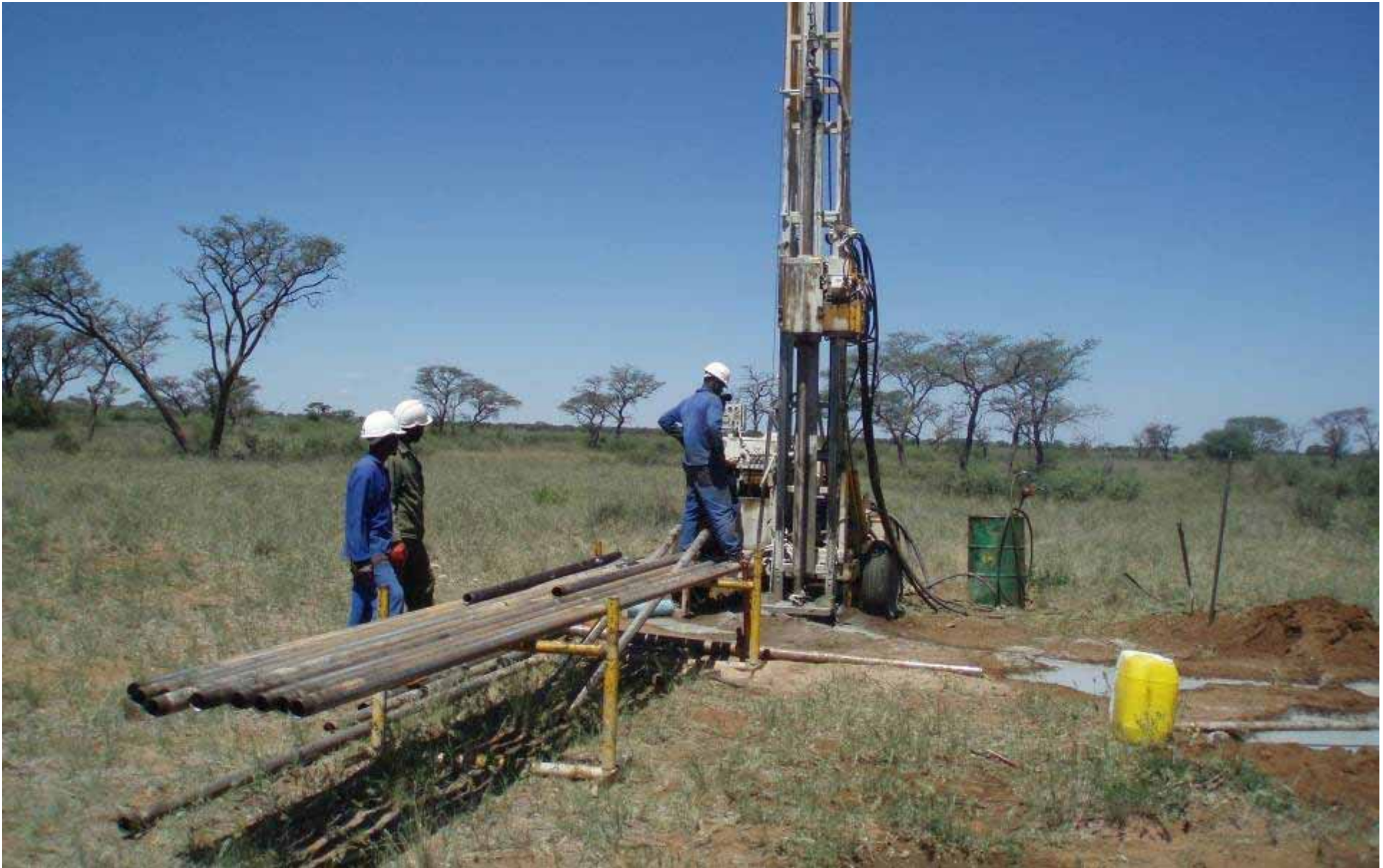


**Namibian cell phone tower**



**Omitiomire - first drill hole, August 2007**





**Diamond drilling, Omitiomire**





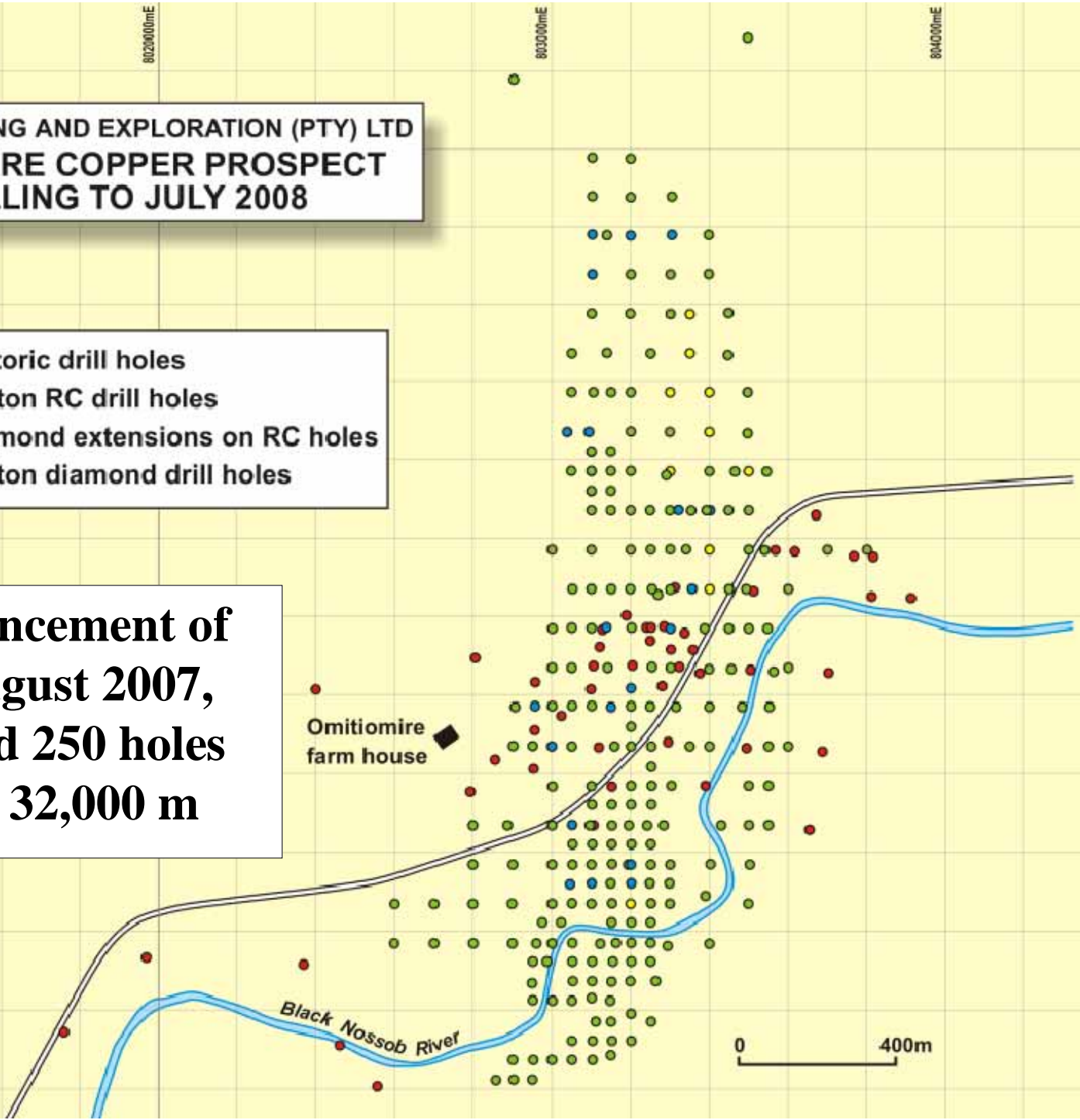


**Down-hole photography assists in determining geological structure**

**CRATON MINING AND EXPLORATION (PTY) LTD  
OMITIOMIRE COPPER PROSPECT  
DRILLING TO JULY 2008**

- Historic drill holes
- Craton RC drill holes
- Diamond extensions on RC holes
- Craton diamond drill holes

**From commencement of drilling in August 2007, Craton drilled 250 holes totalling over 32,000 m**





# Omitiomire - Resource

**Resource - Hellman 1997**

- 8 million tonnes at 0.9% Cu

**IBML's target Aug 2007**

- 30 million tonnes at 0.7% Cu

**Resource - Hellman Aug 2008 - at 0.45% Cu cut-off:**

- 45 million tonnes at 0.72% Cu (323,000 tonnes contained copper)  
(Indicated: 7.8 Mt at 0.69% Cu Inferred: 37.2 Mt at 0.72% Cu)



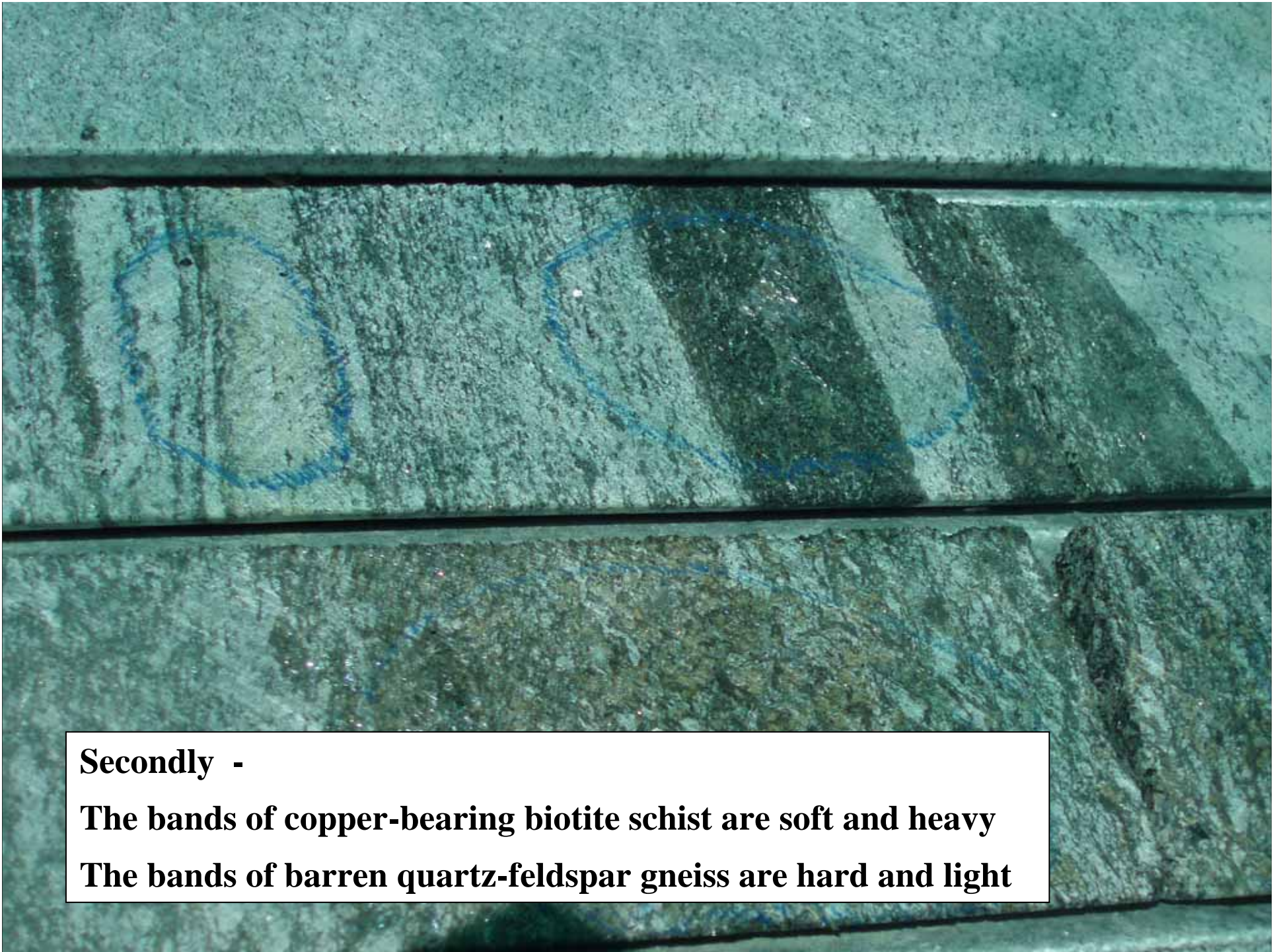


**Here's the really good bit ...**

The image is a backscattered electron (BSE) micrograph of a mineral sample. It shows a dark, fine-grained matrix with several large, bright, irregularly shaped grains of chalcocite. The grains are interconnected and have a coarse-grained texture. A scale bar at the bottom indicates 500 micrometers.

**Firstly, most of the copper occurs as coarse-grained chalcocite –  $\text{Cu}_2\text{S}$  – 80% Cu**

500  $\mu\text{m}$



**Secondly -**

**The bands of copper-bearing biotite schist are soft and heavy**

**The bands of barren quartz-feldspar gneiss are hard and light**



# Metallurgical Testwork

## Expected Key Process Outcomes -

- **Dense medium separation of crushed ore (at 2.7 g/cc):**
  - **Doubles run-of-mine grade at 95% copper recovery**
- **Flotation of sulphide ore**
  - **Concentrate grade exceeds 55% Cu at 95% recovery**





## Possible Scenario

**We could lower the cut-off grade ... and double the tonnes -**

- **At 0.25% Cu cut-off: Resource 98 million tonnes at 0.51% Cu  
(500,000 tonnes contained copper)**

**(Indicated: 19 Mt at 0.48% Cu Inferred: 79 Mt at 0.52% Cu)**

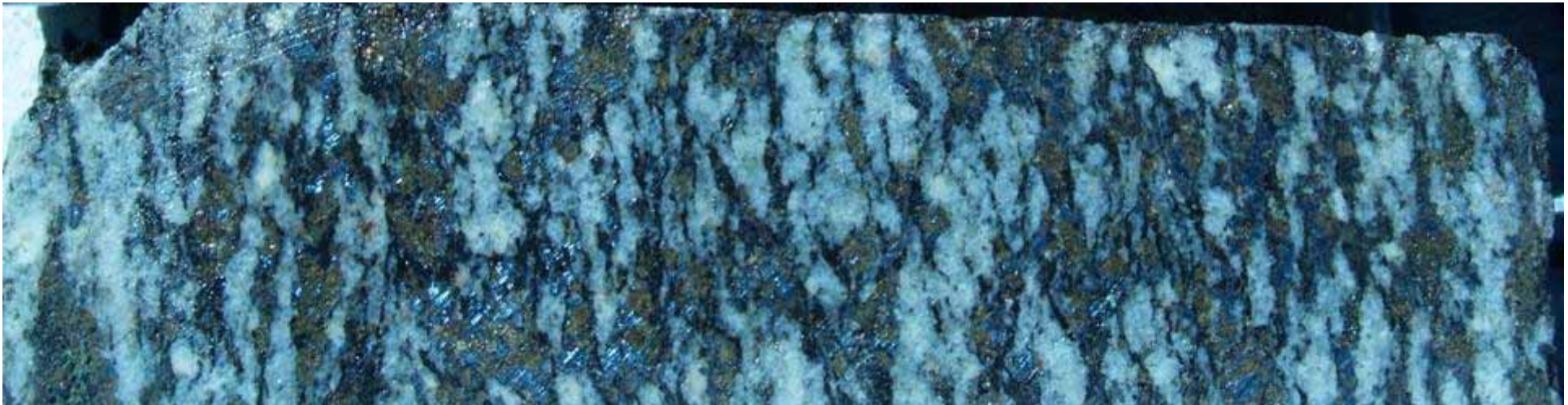
- **Crush & screen**
- **Dense medium separation (95% recovery)**
- **~ 50 million tonnes at 1% Cu**
- **Grinding circuit**
- **Flotation**
- **Chalcocite concentrate + 55% Cu**

**WE'RE STILL WORKING ON THIS.  
PRELIMINARY FINANCIALS STILL TO COME**



# Metallurgy is Important!

- In-ground grade and tonnes are not the only key resource valuation parameters .....
- A simple upgrade process can really make the difference!
- Dense medium separation does just that at Omitiomire

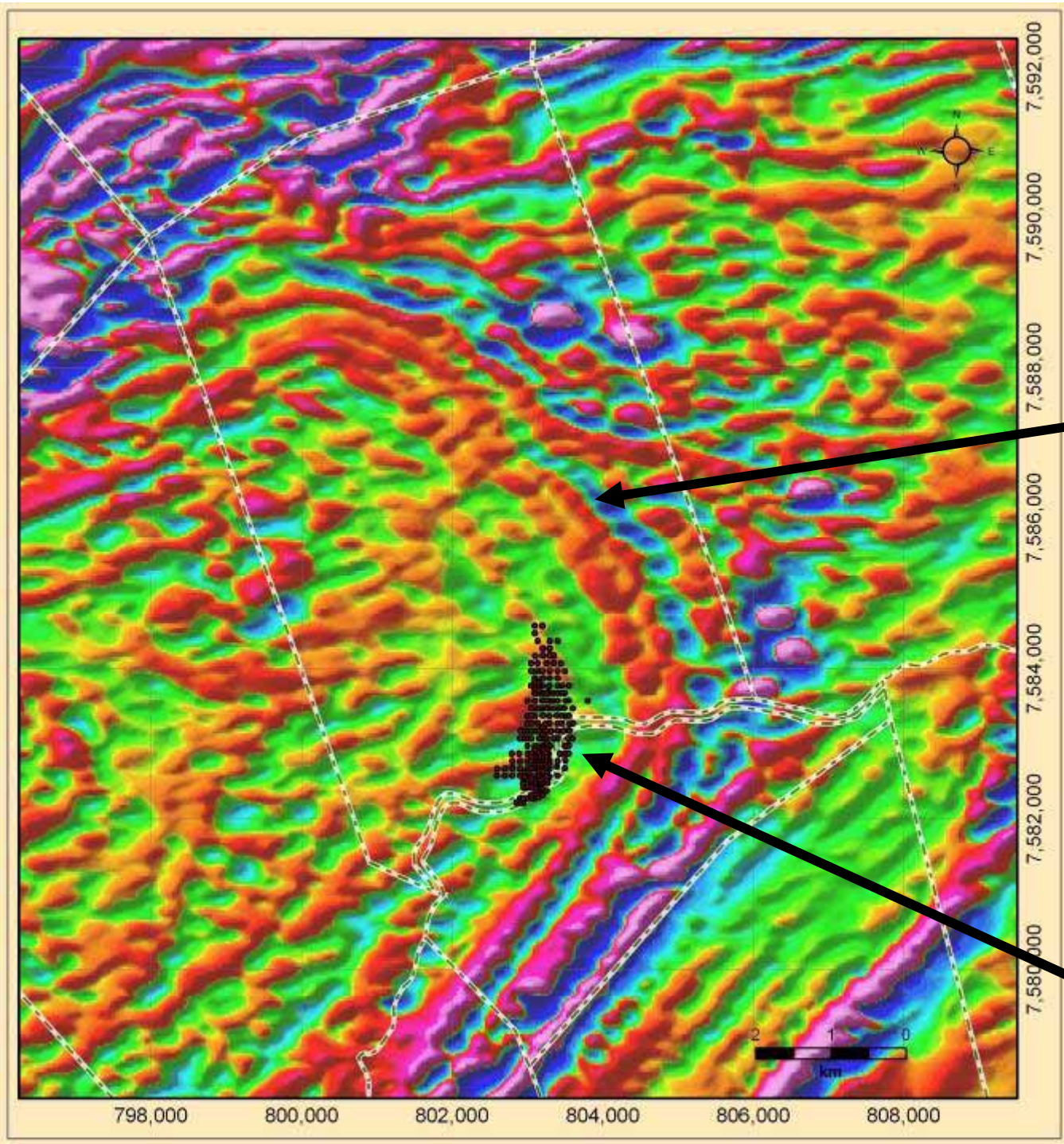


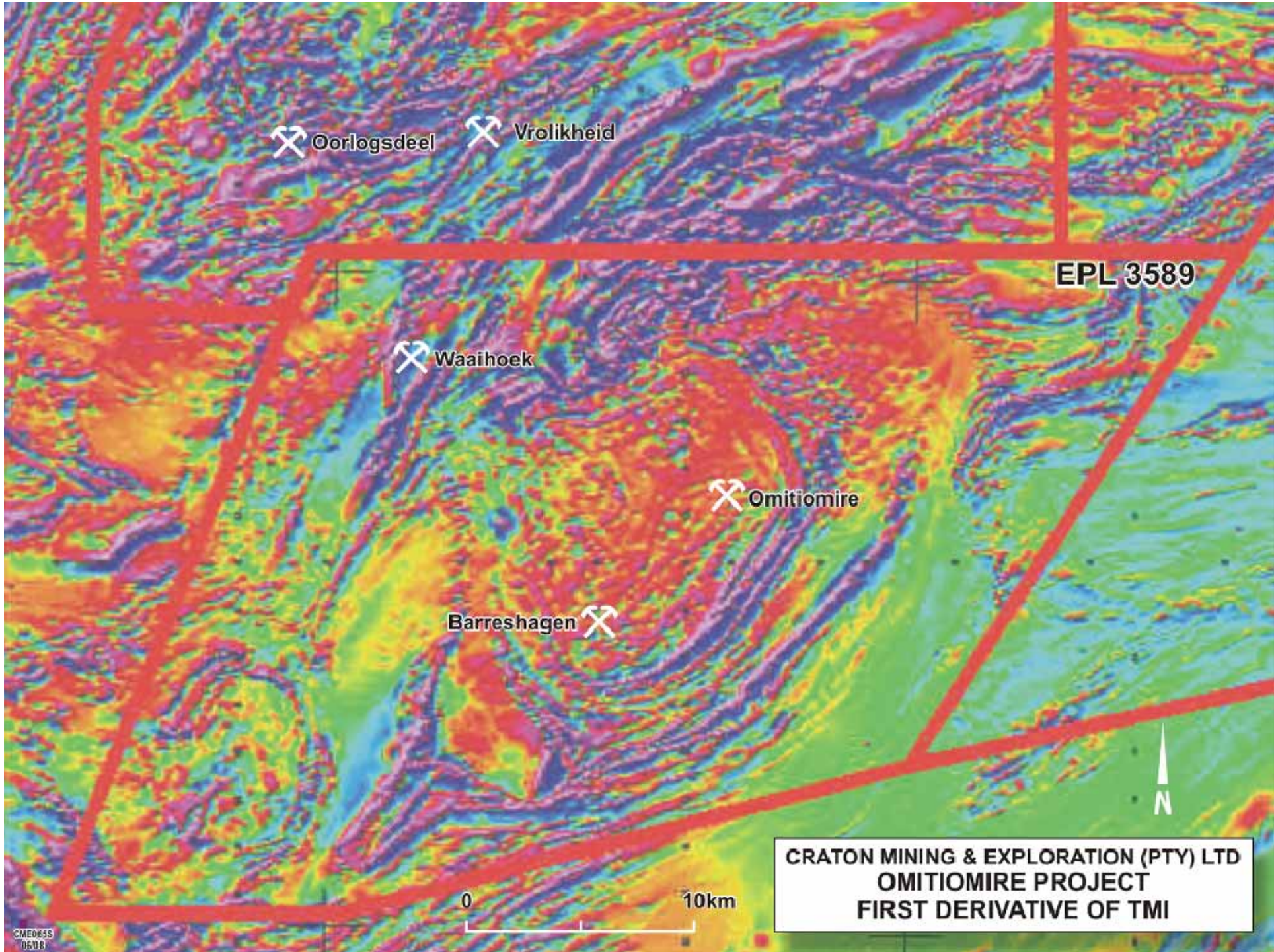
# Discovery Potential

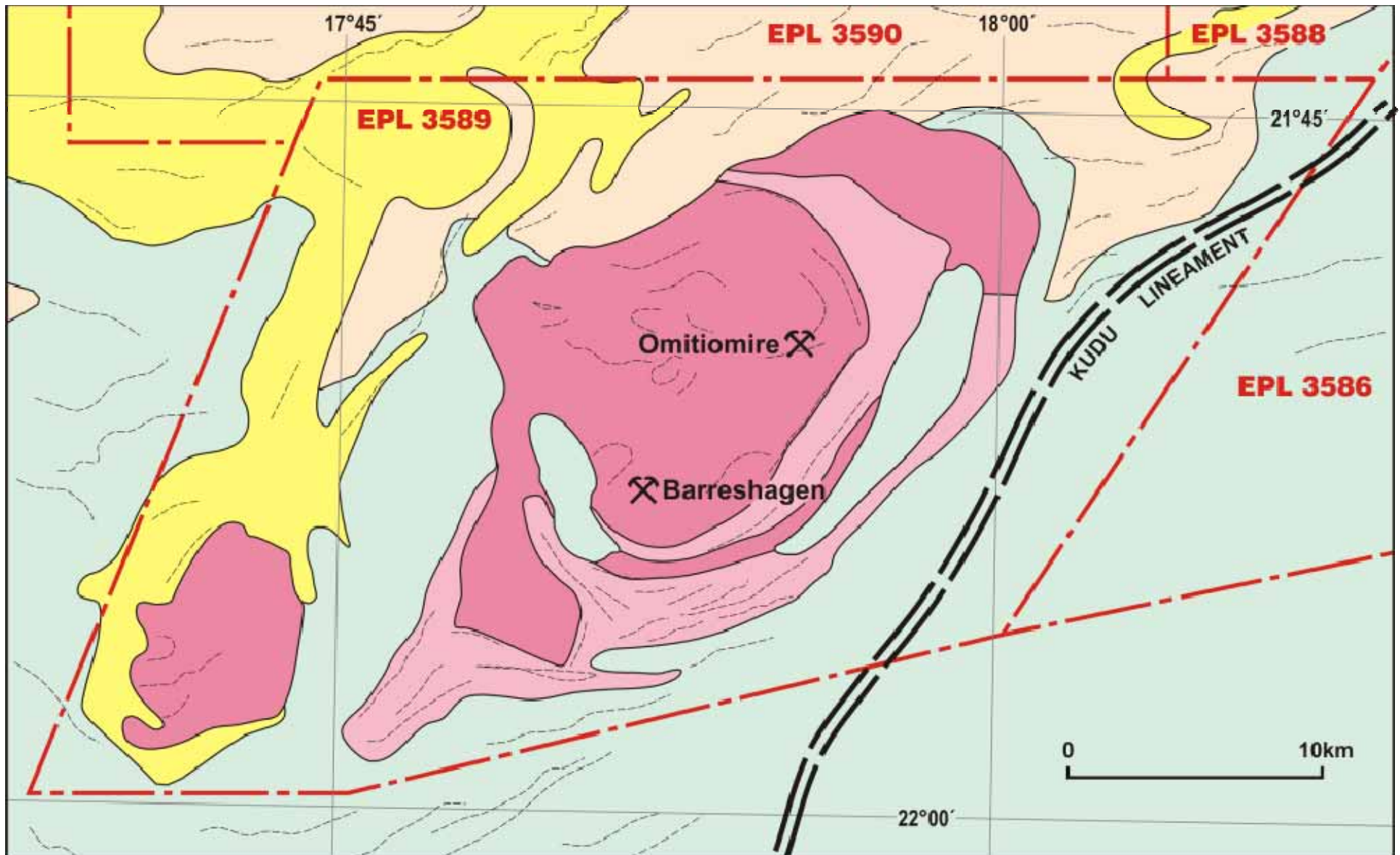
Margin of basement dome









Deposit extends for 2,300 m x 800 m - open on all sides

Drill holes

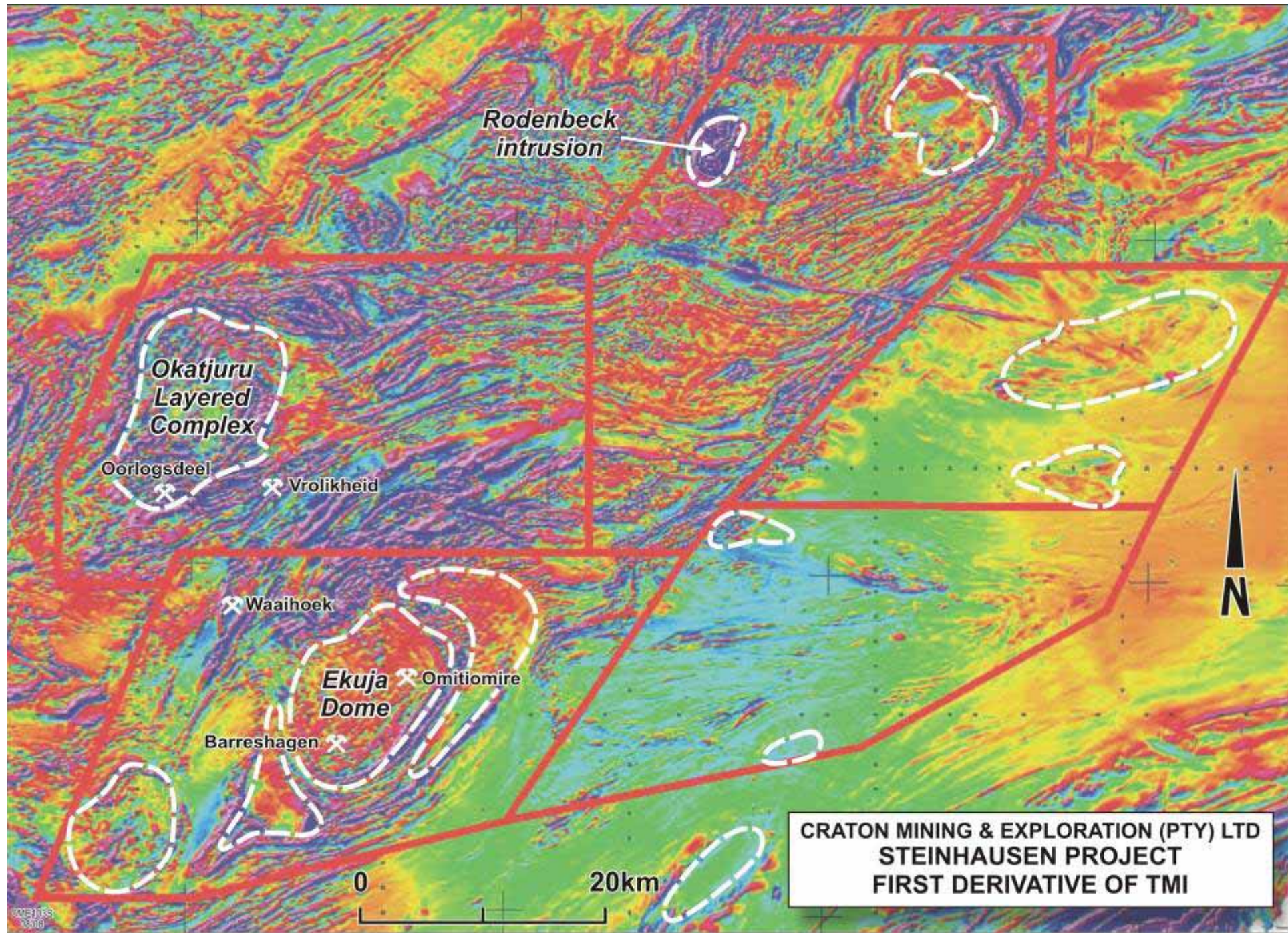






- |   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
|  Damara Sequence   |  Ekuja Dome        |  Bedding trend lines   |
|  Nosib Group       |  Schist and gneiss |  Copper mineralisation |
|  Pre-Damara strata |  Serpentinite      |  |

**STEINHAUSEN PROJECT  
GEOLOGICAL INTERPRETATION  
OF EPL 3589**





## Omitiomire Summary

- Resource 45 million tonnes at 0.72% Cu (cut-off 0.45% Cu)
- Lower cut-off grade → Expanded resource - 98 million tonnes at 0.51% Cu (cut-off 0.25% Cu)
- After DMS → 50 million tonnes at ~ 1% Cu (95% recovery)
- Flotation → chalcocite concentrate + 55% Cu
- Excellent potential to expand the resource
- Excellent potential for other discoveries

**DEFINITIVE FEASIBILITY STUDY STARTING SOON**



# Namibia



**A GREAT COUNTRY TO OPERATE IN**